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## **D-Ala-Lys-AMCA**

 Cat. No.:
 HY-111956

 CAS No.:
 375822-19-8

 Molecular Formula:
  $C_{21}H_{28}N_4O_6$ 

Molecular Weight: 432.47

Target: Fluorescent Dye

Pathway: Others

Storage: Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of

Analysis.

l<sub>2</sub>N O O HN O

## **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description	D-Ala-Lys-AMCA is a known proton-coupled oligopeptide transporter 1 (PEPT1) substrate that emits blue fluorescence. D-Ala-Lys-AMCA may be transported into liver cancer cells and Caco-2 cells based on fluorescence analysis. D-Ala-Lys-AMCA can be used for characterizing PEPT1-specific substrates or inhibitors <sup>[1][2]</sup> .
In Vitro	D-Ala-Lys-AMCA (25, 50 and 150 $\mu$ M, 3 h) may be transported into liver cancer and Caco-2 cells <sup>[1]</sup> . D-Ala-Lys-AMCA (25 $\mu$ M, 10 min) can be uptaken by absorptive enterocytes of all small intestine segments, whereas there is a complete lack of fluorescence in colonic samples <sup>[2]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## **REFERENCES**

[1]. Groneberg DA, et al. Intestinal peptide transport: ex vivo uptake studies and localization of peptide carrier PEPT1. Am J Physiol Gastrointest Liver Physiol. 2001 Sep;281(3):G697-704.

[2]. Gong Y, et al. Specific expression of proton-coupled oligopeptide transporter 1 in primary hepatocarcinoma-anovel strategy for tumor-targeted therapy. Oncol Lett. 2017 Oct;14(4):4158-4166.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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