## CU-CPT9b

Cat. No.:	HY-112051			
CAS No.:	2162962-69-6			
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>13</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>			
Molecular Weight:	251.28			
Target:	Toll-like Receptor (TLR)			
Pathway:	Immunology/Inflammation			
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years	
		4°C	2 years	
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months	
		-20°C	1 month	

®

MedChemExpress

## SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 83.33 mg/mL (331.62 mM; Need ultrasonic)							
		Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg			
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	3.9796 mL	19.8981 mL	39.7962 mL			
		5 mM	0.7959 mL	3.9796 mL	7.9592 mL			
		10 mM	0.3980 mL	1.9898 mL	3.9796 mL			
	Please refer to the so	lubility information to select the app	propriate solvent.					
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (8.28 mM); Clear solution							
		2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (8.28 mM); Clear solution						
	<ol> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (8.28 mM); Clear solution</li> </ol>							

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY						
Description	CU-CPT9b is a specific TLR8 antagonist, with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 0.7 nM. CU-CPT9b shows high binding affinity towards TLR8 with a K <sub>d</sub> of 21 nM <sup>[1]</sup> .					
IC₅₀ & Target	TLR8 0.7 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	TLR8 21 nM (Kd)				
In Vitro	CU-CPT9b is a specific TLR8 antagonist, with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 0.7±0.2 nM. ITC experiments have confirmed the strong binding of					

N,

OH

HO

CU-CPT9b with a K<sub>d</sub> of 21 nM. It is shown that CU-CPT-9b binds to the inactive TLR8 dimer in a similar way to CU-CPT8m. CU-CPT9b utilizes hydrogen bonds with G351 and V520\*, which are conserved among TLR8/antagonist structures. Additionally, CU-CPT9b forms water-mediated contacts with S516\* and Q519\*, which are not observed in TLR8/CU-CPT8m structure, suggesting that the enhanced potency of CU-CPT9b derives from the new interactions with these polar residues. The orientation of Y567\* also changes to facilitate van der Waals interactions with CU-CPT9b as compared to TLR8/CU-CPT8m<sup>[1]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## **CUSTOMER VALIDATION**

• BMC Med. 2021 Oct 15;19(1):247.

See more customer validations on www.MedChemExpress.com

## REFERENCES

[1]. Zhang S, et al. Small-molecule inhibition of TLR8 through stabilization of its resting state. Nat Chem Biol. 2018 Jan;14(1):58-64.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

 Tel: 609-228-6898
 Fax: 609-228-5909
 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

 Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA