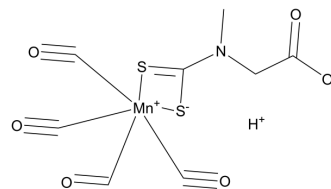


CORM-401

Cat. No.:	HY-109804
CAS No.:	1001015-18-4
Molecular Formula:	C ₈ H ₆ MnNO ₆ S ₂
Molecular Weight:	331.2
Target:	Reactive Oxygen Species
Pathway:	Immunology/Inflammation; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; NF-κB
Storage:	Powder -20°C 3 years In solvent -80°C 6 months -20°C 1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 25 mg/mL (75.48 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Solvent	Mass	Concentration		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	3.0193 mL	15.0966 mL	30.1932 mL
	5 mM	0.6039 mL	3.0193 mL	6.0386 mL
	10 mM	0.3019 mL	1.5097 mL	3.0193 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (7.55 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (7.55 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

CORM-401 is an oxidant-sensitive CO-releasing molecule. CORM-401 induces NO increase in the regulation of endothelial calcium signalling. CORM-401 reduces TNF-α/CHX and H₂O₂-induced ROS production. CORM-401 uncouples mitochondrial respiration and inhibits glycolysis^{[1][2][3]}.

In Vitro

CORM-401 (100 μM; 1h) induces the NO production in endothelial EA.hy926 cells^[1].
 ?CORM-401 (30 μM) induces peak-like calcium signal and augments coupling of endoplasmic reticulum and plasmalemmal store-operated calcium channels^[1].
 ?CORM-401 (50 μM; 1h) significantly reduces TNF-α/CHX and H₂O₂-induced ROS production and cell death^[2].
 ?CORM-401 (0.5, 1 mM) induces a persistent increase in the oxygen consumption rate in endothelial EA.hy926 cells^[3].
 ?CORM-401 (10, 30, 100 μM) induces a concentration-dependent increase in OCR and a simultaneous decrease in ECAR^[3].
 MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Biomater Adv. 2023 Mar 20;149:213393.

See more customer validations on www.MedChemExpress.com

REFERENCES

- [1]. Kaczara P, et al. CORM-401 induces calcium signalling, NO increase and activation of pentose phosphate pathway in endothelial cells. FEBS J. 2018 Apr;285(7):1346-1358.
- [2]. Babu D, et al. Differential Effects of CORM-2 and CORM-401 in Murine Intestinal Epithelial MODE-K Cells under Oxidative Stress. Front Pharmacol. 2017 Feb 8;8:31.
- [3]. Kaczara P, et al. Carbon monoxide released by CORM-401 uncouples mitochondrial respiration and inhibits glycolysis in endothelial cells: A role for mitoBKCa channels. Biochim Biophys Acta. 2015 Oct;1847(10):1297-309.
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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA