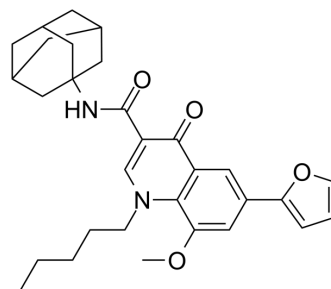


## CB2 receptor agonist 2

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-132217
<b>CAS No.:</b>	1314230-75-5
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>30</sub> H <sub>36</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	488.62
<b>Target:</b>	Cannabinoid Receptor
<b>Pathway:</b>	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling
<b>Storage:</b>	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	CB2 receptor agonist 2 is a potent and selective agonist for the CB2 (cannabinoid type 2) receptor with a K <sub>i</sub> of 8.5 nM. CB2 receptor agonist 2 has high affinity and selectivity for CB2 <sup>[1]</sup> .								
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	CB2 8.5 nM (K <sub>i</sub> )								
<b>In Vitro</b>	<p>CB2 receptor agonist 2 (compound 4g) (1 μM; 72 hours) has very low or no cytotoxicity to Hep-G2 cells<sup>[1]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Proliferation Assay<sup>[1]</sup></p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>Hep-G2 (Human hepatoblastoma) cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>1 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>72 hours</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Exhibited very low or no cytotoxicity to Hep-G2 cells.</td> </tr> </table>	Cell Line:	Hep-G2 (Human hepatoblastoma) cells	Concentration:	1 μM	Incubation Time:	72 hours	Result:	Exhibited very low or no cytotoxicity to Hep-G2 cells.
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<b>In Vivo</b>	<p>CB2 receptor agonist 2 (compound 4g) (1 and 3 mg/kg; 1 hour) is very potent (with maximal effect being reached already at the 1 mg/kg dose) and has antihyperalgesic effects, efficacious also on the first phase of the nocifensive response and strongly reduced by AM630 (CB2-selective antagonist/inverse agonist)<sup>[1]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Formalin injection induces a biphasic stereotypical nocifensive behavior in mice<sup>[1]</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>Formalin (1.25% in saline, 30 μL), 1 and 3 mg/kg CB2 receptor agonist 2, 1 mg/kg AM630, monitor every 5 minutes for 1 hour</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Injection in the dorsal surface of one side of the hindpaw (Formalin), i.p. (CB2 receptor agonist, AM630)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Elicited antihyperalgesic effects and potent (with maximal effect being reached already at the 1 mg/kg dose) and efficacious, strongly reduced by AM630.</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	Formalin injection induces a biphasic stereotypical nocifensive behavior in mice <sup>[1]</sup>	Dosage:	Formalin (1.25% in saline, 30 μL), 1 and 3 mg/kg CB2 receptor agonist 2, 1 mg/kg AM630, monitor every 5 minutes for 1 hour	Administration:	Injection in the dorsal surface of one side of the hindpaw (Formalin), i.p. (CB2 receptor agonist, AM630)	Result:	Elicited antihyperalgesic effects and potent (with maximal effect being reached already at the 1 mg/kg dose) and efficacious, strongly reduced by AM630.
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## REFERENCES

[1]. Pasquini S, et al. Investigations on the 4-quinolone-3-carboxylic acid motif. 4. Identification of new potent and selective ligands for the cannabinoid type 2 receptor with diverse substitution patterns and antihyperalgesic effects in mice. J Med Chem. 2011;54(15):5444-5453.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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