## CAY10614

®

MedChemExpress

Cat. No.:	HY-135042	
CAS No.:	1202208-36-3	
Molecular Formula:	C, H, INO,	
Molecular Weight:	755.98	1 1
Target:	Toll-like Receptor (TLR)	
Pathway:	Immunology/Inflammation	
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture	
0.01450	* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)	

## SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

		Mass Solvent Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	1.3228 mL	6.6139 mL	13.2279 mL	
		5 mM	0.2646 mL	1.3228 mL	2.6456 mL	
		10 mM	0.1323 mL	0.6614 mL	1.3228 mL	
	Please refer to the so	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.				
In Vivo		1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: 0.83 mg/mL (1.10 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic				
		2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: 0.83 mg/mL (1.10 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic				

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY		
Description	CAY10614 is a potent TLR4 antagonist. CAY10614 inhibits the lipid A-induced activation of TLR4, with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 1.675 μM. CAY10614 can improve survival of mice in lethal endotoxin shock model <sup>[1][2]</sup> .	
IC₅₀ & Target	TLR4 1.675 μM (IC <sub>50</sub> , in HEK293 cells)	
In Vitro	CAY10614 (compound 7) (1-10 μM) inhibits the lipid A-induced increase of phosphatase activity in a concentration- dependent manner in HEK293 cells <sup>[1]</sup> . CAY10614 (0.5 μM) inhibits the increase of [Ca <sup>2+</sup> ] <sub>cyt</sub> induced by LPS in >18 days in vitro (DIV) neurons <sup>[2]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.	

odel: C	C57BL/6J male mice (9 weeks) were i.p. injected with 20 mg/kg $LPS^{[1]}$
1	.0 mg/kg
ration: I	.p. 30 min before the LPS
I	ncreased the survival rate of mice from 0% to 67%.
-	ation: I

## REFERENCES

[1]. Piazza M, et, al. Glycolipids and benzylammonium lipids as novel antisepsis agents: synthesis and biological characterization. J Med Chem. 2009 Feb 26;52(4):1209-13.

[2]. Rodríguez MC, et, al. Aging and amyloid β oligomers enhance TLR4 expression, LPS-induced Ca 2+ responses, and neuron cell death in cultured rat hippocampal neurons. J Neuroinflammation. 2017 Jan 31;14(1):24.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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