Screening Libraries

Bomedemstat hydrochloride

Cat. No.: HY-109169B Molecular Formula: $C_{28}H_{35}ClFN_7O_2$

Molecular Weight: 556.07

Target: Histone Demethylase; Apoptosis

Pathway: Epigenetics; Apoptosis

Storage: -20°C, sealed storage, away from moisture

* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)

Product Data Sheet

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (179.83 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.7983 mL	8.9917 mL	17.9833 mL
	5 mM	0.3597 mL	1.7983 mL	3.5967 mL
	10 mM	0.1798 mL	0.8992 mL	1.7983 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Bomedemstat (IMG-7289) hydrochloride is an orally active and irreversible lysine-specific demethylase 1 (LSD1) inhibitor. Bomedemstat hydrochloride can increase H3K4 and H3K9 methylation, and then alter gene expression. Bomedemstat hydrochloride shows anti-cancer activities, inhibits cancer cell proliferation and induces apoptosis^{[1][2]}.

In Vitro

Bomedemstat selectively inhibits proliferation and induces apoptosis of Jak2V617F cells by concomitantly increasing expression and methylation of p53^[1].

Bomedemstat (50 nM-1 μ M; 96 h) enhances survival, induces apoptosis via BCL-XL and PUMA in a TP53-dependent manner, and leads to cell cycle arrest^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Apoptosis Analysis^[1]

Cell Line:	SET-2 cells
Concentration:	50 nM, 100 nM, and 1 μM
Incubation Time:	96 hours

	Result:	Decreased levels of the antiapoptotic protein BCL-XL and increased levels of the proappoptotic protein PUMA.		
In Vivo	volumes, restores norm	Bomedemstat treatment (oral gavage; 45 mg/kg; once daily; 56 d) normalizes or improves blood cell counts, reduces spleed volumes, restores normal splenic architecture, and reduces bone marrow fibrosis ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
	Animal Model:	Mx -Jak 2^{V617F} mice $^{[1]}$		
	Dosage:	45 mg/kg		
	Administration:	Oral gavage; 45 mg/kg; once daily; 56 days		
	Result:	Reduced splenomegaly significantly with a few treated mice normalizing their spleen weight, the 56-day course led to partial restoration of lymph follicles and spleen architecture by histological examination.		

REFERENCES

[1]. Jonas S Jutzi, et al. LSD1 Inhibition Prolongs Survival in Mouse Models of MPN by Selectively Targeting the Disease Clone. Hemasphere. 2018 Jun 8;2(3):e54.

[2]. Yuan Fang, et al. LSD1/KDM1A inhibitors in clinical trials: advances and prospects. J Hematol Oncol. 2019 Dec 4;12(1):129.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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