BIO5192 hydrate

MedChemExpress

®

Cat. No.:	HY-107589A	
Molecular Formula:	$C_{_{38}}H_{_{46}}C_{l_2}N_6O_8S_{.1/2}H_2O$	
Molecular Weight:	826.79	CI
Target:	Integrin	
Pathway:	Cytoskeleton	
Storage:	-20°C, sealed storage, away from moisture	1/2H ₂ O
	* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)	

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

		Solvent Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
		Concentration				
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	1.2095 mL	6.0475 mL	12.0950 mL	
		5 mM	0.2419 mL	1.2095 mL	2.4190 mL	
		10 mM	0.1209 mL	0.6047 mL	1.2095 mL	
	Please refer to the sol	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.				
In Vivo		1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (3.02 mM); Clear solution				
		2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (3.02 mM); Clear solution				

BIOLOGICAL ACTIV	VITY				
Description	BIO5192 hydrate is a selective and potent integrin $\alpha 4\beta 1$ (VLA-4) inhibitor (K _d <10 pM). BIO5192 hydrate selectively binds to $\alpha 4\beta 1$ (IC ₅₀ =1.8 nM) over a range of other integrins. BIO5192 hydrate results in a 30-fold increase in mobilization of murine hematopoietic stem and progenitors (HSPCs) over basal levels ^{[1][2]} .				
IC ₅₀ & Target	α4β1 1.8 nM (IC ₅₀)	α9β1 138 nM (IC ₅₀)	α2β1 1053 nM (IC ₅₀)	α4β7 >500 nM (IC ₅₀)	
In Vivo	The combination of BIO5192 hydrate (1 mg/kg; i.v.) and Plerixafor (5 mg/kg; s.c.) exert an additive effect on progenitor mobilization ^[1] . BIO5192 hydrate (30 mg/kg; s.c; bid; during days 5 through 14) delays paralysis associated with EAE (experimental				

Product Data Sheet

autoimmune encephalomyelitis)^[2].

BIO5192 hydrate (1 mg/kg, i.v.) shows the terminal half-life is 1.1 hours. BIO5192 hydrate (3, 10, and 30 mg/kg; s.c.) shows half-lives of 1.7, 2.7, and 4.7 hours, respectively. The blood plasma curves show that the AUC for the s.c. route of administration increased about 2.5-fold from 5,460 h*ng/ml for the 3 mg/kg dose to 14,175 h*ng/ml for the 30 mg/kg^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

C57BL/6J x 129Sv/J F1 mice ^[1]		
1 mg/kg (with Plerixafor: 5 mg/kg)		
l.v.		
Exerted an additive effect on progenitor mobilization.		
Healthy female Lewis rats weighing 150g ^[2]		
30 mg/kg		
S.c; bid; during days 5 through 14		
Showed a 3-day delay in onset of disease.		

REFERENCES

[1]. Ramirez P, et al. BIO5192, a small molecule inhibitor of VLA-4, mobilizes hematopoietic stem and progenitor cells. Blood. 2009;114(7):1340-1343.

[2]. Leone DR, et al. An assessment of the mechanistic differences between two integrin alpha 4 beta 1 inhibitors, the monoclonal antibody TA-2 and the small molecule BIO5192, in rat experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis. J Pharmacol Exp Ther. 2003;305(3):

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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