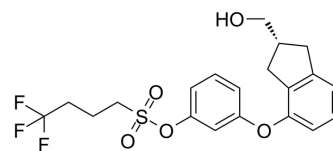


## BAY 38-7271

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-119744
<b>CAS No.:</b>	212188-60-8
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>21</sub> F <sub>3</sub> O <sub>5</sub> S
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	430.44
<b>Target:</b>	Cannabinoid Receptor
<b>Pathway:</b>	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling
<b>Storage:</b>	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	BAY 38-7271 is selective and highly potent and cannabinoid CB <sub>1</sub> /CB <sub>2</sub> receptor agonist, with K <sub>i</sub> s of 1.85 nM and 5.96 nM for recombinant human CB <sub>1</sub> receptor and CB <sub>2</sub> receptor, respectively. BAY 38-7271 has strong neuroprotective properties <sup>[1]</sup> .									
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	CB <sub>1</sub> 1.85 nM (K <sub>i</sub> )	CB <sub>2</sub> 5.96 nM (K <sub>i</sub> )								
<b>In Vitro</b>	BAY 38-7271 shows only minor interactions at the micromolar range with other binding sites such as adenosine A <sub>3</sub> receptor (IC <sub>50</sub> = 7.5 μM), peripheral GABA <sub>A</sub> benzodiazepine receptor (IC <sub>50</sub> = 971 nM), melatonin ML <sub>1</sub> receptor (IC <sub>50</sub> = 3.3 μM), and at the monoamine transporter (IC <sub>50</sub> = 1.7 μM) <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.									
<b>In Vivo</b>	<p>BAY 38-7271 (Ed<sub>50</sub> = 0.02 mg/kg; i.v. and 0.5 mg/kg; i.p.) induces a potent and dose-de-pendent reduction in core body temperature<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>BAY 38-7271 has low physical dependence liability and is not essentially different from that of other cannabinoid CB<sub>1</sub> receptor agonists<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>BAY 38-7271 (1-1000 ng/kg/h; i.v. infusion; for 4 hours) shows neuroprotective efficacy in the rat SDH model<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>BAY 38-7271 also has neuroprotective efficacy in models of transient and permanent occlusion of the middle cerebral artery and brain edema models<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Wistar rat ,TBI rat models (acute subdural hematoma, SDH)<sup>[1]</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>1 ng/kg/h, 10 ng/kg/h, 100 ng/kg/h, 1000 ng/kg/h</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Intravenous infusion, for 4 hours</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Reduced the mean infarct volume.</td> </tr> </table>		Animal Model:	Wistar rat ,TBI rat models (acute subdural hematoma, SDH) <sup>[1]</sup>	Dosage:	1 ng/kg/h, 10 ng/kg/h, 100 ng/kg/h, 1000 ng/kg/h	Administration:	Intravenous infusion, for 4 hours	Result:	Reduced the mean infarct volume.
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Administration:	Intravenous infusion, for 4 hours									
Result:	Reduced the mean infarct volume.									

### REFERENCES

[1]. Mauler F, et al. BAY 38-7271: a novel highly selective and highly potent cannabinoid receptor agonist for the treatment of traumatic brain injury. CNS Drug Rev. 2003

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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