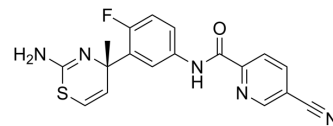


## Atabecestat

Cat. No.:	HY-109052		
CAS No.:	1200493-78-2		
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>14</sub> FN <sub>3</sub> OS		
Molecular Weight:	367.4		
Target:	Beta-secretase		
Pathway:	Neuronal Signaling		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : 250 mg/mL (680.46 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Concentration	Solvent	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.7218 mL	13.6091 mL	27.2183 mL
	5 mM	0.5444 mL	2.7218 mL	5.4437 mL
	10 mM	0.2722 mL	1.3609 mL	2.7218 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

Atabecestat (JNJ-54861911) is a potent brain-penetrant and orally active  $\beta$ -site amyloid precursor protein cleaving enzyme 1 (BACE1) inhibitor, achieves robust and high CSF A $\beta$  reduction. Atabecestat is tolerated and displays a sustained pharmacokinetic (PK) and pharmacodynamic (PD) characteristics. Atabecestat has the potential for Alzheimer's Disease treatment<sup>[1]</sup>.

#### IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

BACE1

#### In Vivo

Atabecestat (100 and 300 mg/kg; p.o. once daily for 3 days) reduces the human A $\beta$  levels in mice<sup>[2]</sup>.  
 Atabecestat (300 mg/kg; p.o. once) inhibits the exacerbation of vascular abnormalities in APPPS1 mice with 3D6 treatment<sup>[2]</sup>.  
 MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model: 5-week-old APPPS1 mice<sup>[2]</sup>

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Dosage:	100 and 300 mg/kg
Administration:	Oral gavage; 100 and 300 mg/kg; once daily for 3 days
Result:	Reduced the level of human A $\beta$ <sub>1-40</sub> and A $\beta$ <sub>1-42</sub> levels in the brain of APPPS1 mice at a dose of 300 mg/kg and resulted in less reduction of human A $\beta$ levels at 24 h with a dose of 100 mg/kg.

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## REFERENCES

- [1]. Janssens J, et al. Passive immunotherapy with a novel antibody against 3pE-modified A $\beta$  demonstrates potential for enhanced efficacy and favorable safety in combination with BACE inhibitor treatment in plaque-depositing mice. *Neurobiol Dis.* 2021 Jul;154:105365.
- [2]. Timmers M, et al. Profiling the dynamics of CSF and plasma A $\beta$  reduction after treatment with JNJ-54861911, a potent oral BACE inhibitor. *Alzheimers Dement (N Y).* 2016 Aug 24;2(3):202-212.
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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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