Product Data Sheet

Alpelisib

Cat. No.: HY-15244 CAS No.: 1217486-61-7 Molecular Formula: $C_{19}H_{22}F_{3}N_{5}O_{2}S$

Molecular Weight: 441 Target: PI3K

Pathway: PI3K/Akt/mTOR

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

2 years

In solvent -80°C 2 years

> -20°C 1 year

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 83.33 mg/mL (188.96 mM; Need ultrasonic)

	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.2676 mL	11.3379 mL	22.6757 mL	
	5 mM	0.4535 mL	2.2676 mL	4.5351 mL	
	10 mM	0.2268 mL	1.1338 mL	2.2676 mL	

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 0.5% MC >> 0.5% Tween-80 Solubility: 10 mg/mL (22.68 mM); Suspension solution; Need ultrasonic
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 1% CMC >> 0.5% Tween-80 Solubility: 10 mg/mL (22.68 mM); Suspension solution; Need ultrasonic
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 5% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 50% saline Solubility: ≥ 5 mg/mL (11.34 mM); Clear solution
- 4. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: 2.08 mg/mL (4.72 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- 5. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.72 mM); Clear solution
- 6. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.72 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Alpelisib (BYL-719) is a potent, selective, and orally active PI3Kα inhibitor. Alpelisib (BYL-719) shows efficacy in targeting

	PIK3CA-mutated cancer. respectively. Antineoplas		s p110α/p110γ/p110δ/p110β wit	th IC ₅₀ s of 5/250/290/1200 nM,			
IC ₅₀ & Target	p110α 5 nM (IC ₅₀)	p110γ 250 nM (IC ₅₀)	p110δ 290 nM (IC ₅₀)	p110β 1200 nM (IC ₅₀)			
	p110α-H1047R 4 nM (IC ₅₀)	p110α-E545K 4 nM (IC ₅₀)					
In Vitro	Alpelisib (BYL-719) potently inhibits the 2 most common PIK3CA somatic mutations (H1047R, E545K; IC ₅₀ s~4 nM). Alpelisib potently inhibits Akt phosphorylation in cells transformed with PI3K α (IC ₅₀ =74±15 nM) and shows significant reduced inhibitory activity in PI3K β or PI3K δ isoforms transformed cells (\geq 15-fold compared with PI3K α)[2]. Alpelisib (BYL-719, 0-50 μ M; 72 hours) inhibits the cell growth of osteosarcoma cell lines MG63, HOS, POS-1 and MOS-J in a dose-dependent manner[3]. Alpelisib (BYL-719) significantly alters the distribution of cell cycle phases. Alpelisib (BYL-719, 25 μ M; 18 hours) induces a cell cycle arrest in the G0/G1 phase of human and murine osteosarcoma cell lines[3]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Cell Proliferation Assay[3]						
	Cell Line:	MG63, HOS, POS-1, MOS	MG63, HOS, POS-1, MOS-J				
	Concentration:	10, 20, 30, 40, 50 μΜ	10, 20, 30, 40, 50 μΜ				
	Incubation Time:	72 hours					
	Result:	_	Inhibited the cell growth of all osteosarcoma cell lines tested in a dose-dependent manner with IC $_{50}s$ of 6-15 μM and with IC $_{90}s$ of 24-42 μM .				
	Cell Cycle Analysis ^[3]						
	Cell Line:	MG63, HOS, POS-1, MOS	MG63, HOS, POS-1, MOS-J				
	Concentration:	25 μΜ	25 μΜ				
	Incubation Time:	18 hours					
	Result:	Induced a cell cycle arrest in the G0/G1 phase of human and murine osteosarcoma cell .					
In Vivo	Alpelisib has moderate terminal elimination half-life ($t_{1/2}$ =2.9±0.2 h) for rat (1 mg/kg, iv) [1]. Alpelisib (BYL-719) (12.5 mg/kg and 50 mg/kg for C57Bl/6J mice; 50 mg/kg for female Rj:NMRI-nude mice; oral administration; daily) significantly reduces tumor volumes and deposition of ectopic bone matrix ^[3] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.						
	Animal Model:	A 5-week-old female Rj:NMRI-nude mice with human HOS-MNNG osteosarcoma cells; A 5-week-old male C57BI/6J mice with mouse MOS-J osteosarcoma cells ^[3]					
	Dosage:	12.5 mg/kg and 50 mg/k	12.5 mg/kg and 50 mg/kg for C57Bl/6J mice; 50 mg/kg for female Rj:NMRI-nude mice				
	Administration:	Oral administration; dai	Oral administration; daily; 22 or 29 days for C57Bl/6J mice or Rj:NMRI-nude mice				
		G: :C: .1 1 1.	Significantly reduced tumor volumes and simultaneously reduced tumor growth.				
	Result:	Significantly reduced tu	mor volumes and simultaneousl	y reduced tumor growtn.			

Dosage:	1 mg/kg (Pharmacokinetic Analysis)
Administration:	I.V.
Result:	t _{1/2} =2.9±0.2 hours.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Nature. 2018 Jun;558(7711):540-546.
- Science. 2021 Oct;374(6563):eabf3067.
- Science. 2017 Dec 1;358(6367):eaan4368.
- Cancer Cell. 2023 Jun 12;41(6):1103-1117.e12.
- Cell Metab. 2021 Nov 2;33(11):2247-2259.e6.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Furet P, et al. Discovery of NVP-BYL719 a potent and selective phosphatidylinositol-3 kinase alpha inhibitor selected for clinical evaluation. Bioorg Med Chem Lett. 2013 Jul 1;23(13):3741-8.

[2]. Fritsch C, et al. Characterization of the novel and specific PI3K α inhibitor NVP-BYL719 and development of the patient stratification strategy for clinical trials. Mol Cancer Ther. 2014 May;13(5):1117-29.

[3]. Gobin B, et al. BYL719, a new α -specific PI3K inhibitor: single administration and in combination with conventional chemotherapy for the treatment of osteosarcoma. Int J Cancer. 2015 Feb 15;136(4):784-96.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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