**Proteins** 

# Inhibitors



### **Acalisib**

Cat. No.: HY-12644 CAS No.: 870281-34-8 Molecular Formula: C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>16</sub>FN<sub>7</sub>O Molecular Weight: 401.4 Target: PI3K

Pathway: PI3K/Akt/mTOR

Storage: 4°C, protect from light

\* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light)

**Product** Data Sheet

#### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO: 125 mg/mL (311.41 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.4913 mL	12.4564 mL	24.9128 mL
	5 mM	0.4983 mL	2.4913 mL	4.9826 mL
	10 mM	0.2491 mL	1.2456 mL	2.4913 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.23 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE- $\beta$ -CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.23 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.23 mM); Clear solution

#### **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description	Acalisib is a potent and selective PI3K $\delta$ inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$ of 12.7 nM.				
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	p110δ 12.7 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	p110γ 1389 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	p110β 3377 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	p110α 5441 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	
	hVps34 12682 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	DNA-PK 18749 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )			
In Vitro	Acalisib (GS-9820) is more selective for PI3K $\delta$ (IC $_{50}$ =12.7 nM) relative to other PI3K class I enzymes (IC $_{50}$ : PI3K $\alpha$ , 5,441 nM;				

PI3K $\beta$ , 3,377 nM; PI3K $\gamma$ , 1,389 nM). Acalisib is also 10<sup>3</sup>-fold more selective against PI3K $\delta$  than against related kinases, such as PI3KCII $\beta$  (IC<sub>50</sub>>10 nM), hVPS34 (IC<sub>50</sub>=12.7  $\mu$ M), DNA-PK (IC<sub>50</sub>=18.7  $\mu$ M), and mTOR (IC<sub>50</sub>>10 nM). In fibroblasts, the PDGF receptor signals through PI3K $\alpha$  and the GPCR for lysophosphatidic acid (LPA) signals through PI3K $\beta$ . Acalisib reduces PDGF-induced pAkt by only 50% at 11,585 nM, and LPA-induced pAkt by 50% at 2,069 nM.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### In Vivo

To dissect the relative contribution of PI3K $\alpha$  and PI3K $\delta$  inhibition in the reduction of obesity, obese hyperphagic ob/ob mice are treated with a selective PI3K $\alpha$  inhibitor, BYL-719, or with a selective PI3K $\delta$  inhibitor, Acalisib (GS-9820). Remarkably, BYL-719 reduces body weight after 15 days of treatment to a similar extent as CNIO-PI3Ki, whereas Acalisib has no significant effect at the same doses as BYL-719. It should be noted that 10 mg/kg of Acalisib is sufficient to reduce the growth of multiple myeloma xenografts in mice<sup>[2]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### **PROTOCOL**

#### Kinase Assay [1]

Biochemical in vitro lipid kinase assays are performed. A stock solution of Acalisib (GS-9820) is prepared in DMSO at a concentration of 10 mM. Ten-point kinase inhibitory activities are measured over a concentration range (5 to  $10^4$  nM) with ATP at a concentration consistent with the  $K_m$  of each of the enzymes<sup>[1]</sup>.

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#### Cell Assay [1]

The effect of inhibitors on RAW264.7 cell survival is evaluated using the MTT assay. RAW264.7 cells are seeded in Falcon flat bottom 96-well plates at a density of  $2.5\text{-}3\times10^4$  cells/cm<sup>2</sup> in  $100~\mu\text{L}$  of DMEM with 10% FBS and 1% antibiotic solution. After seeding, the cells are allowed to attach for 24 h then exposed to control or Acalisib (GS-9820) (100~pM to  $10~\mu\text{M}$ ) for 24 h. After incubation at  $37^\circ\text{C}$  in 5% CO<sub>2</sub>, MTT substrate is added at a final concentration of 0.5~mg/mL for 4 h. Following a 4-h incubation,  $100~\mu\text{L}$  of solubilization solution is added to each well to dissolve the formazan crystals and samples are analyzed after 24 h. Absorbance of the samples is assessed using a plate reader using a wavelength of 550~nm and a reference wavelength of  $700~n\text{m}^{[1]}$ .

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## Animal Administration [2]

Mice<sup>[2]</sup>

Ob/ob C57BL6J mice and Wild-type C57BL6J/Ola.Hsd mice are housed under specific pathogen free (SPF) conditions, at 22°C, and with 12 hours dark/light cycles (light cycle from 8 am to 8 pm). All mice used are males of 20 weeks of age. Mice are fed with standard chow diet (18% of fat-based caloric content). PI3K inhibitors are administered daily by oral gavage during 15 or 16 days as follows, BYL-719 (5 and 10 mg/kg) and Acalisib (5 and 10 mg/kg), CNIO-PI3Ki (1 and 5 mg/kg), dissolved in PEG-300 and 10% N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### **REFERENCES**

[1]. Shugg RP, et al. Effects of isoform-selective phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase inhibitors on osteoclasts: actions on cytoskeletal organization, survival, and resorption. J Biol Chem. 2013 Dec 6;288(49):35346-57.

 $[2]. \ Lopez-Guadamillas\ E, et al.\ P13K\alpha\ inhibition\ reduces\ obesity\ in\ mice.\ Aging\ (Albany\ NY).\ 2016\ Nov\ 4;8(11):2747-2753.$ 

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA