Proteins

AZD3965

Cat. No.: HY-12750 CAS No.: 1448671-31-5 Molecular Formula: $C_{21}H_{24}F_3N_5O_5S$

515.51 Molecular Weight:

Target: Monocarboxylate Transporter Pathway: Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel

Powder Storage:

2 years

3 years

-80°C In solvent 2 years

-20°C

-20°C 1 year

Product Data Sheet

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (193.98 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.9398 mL	9.6991 mL	19.3983 mL
	5 mM	0.3880 mL	1.9398 mL	3.8797 mL
	10 mM	0.1940 mL	0.9699 mL	1.9398 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 0.5% HPMC >> 0.2%Tween80 Solubility: 5 mg/mL (9.70 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 20% HP-β-CD in saline Solubility: 5 mg/mL (9.70 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.03 mM); Clear solution
- 4. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.03 mM); Clear solution
- 5. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.03 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description AZD3965 is a selective MCT1 inhibitor with a K_i of 1.6 nM, showing 6-fold selectivity over MCT2. IC₅₀ & Target MCT1

In Vitro

AZD3965 is designed to selectively inhibit Monocarboxylate transporter-1 (MCT1) and will therefore be expected to influence the movement of lactate into and out of $cells^{[1]}$. AZD3965 treatment causes a 3.7 fold increase in intracellular lactate in hypoxic COR-L103 and 3.7 fold and 3.9 fold increases in normoxic and hypoxic NCI-H1048 cells respectively. In all other cases a <1.9 fold increase is observed. These data are consistent with AZD3965 blocking lactate transport in cells where AZD3965 also reduces cell number and is consistent with AZD3965 acting via inhibition of MCT1. When MCT1 is overexpressed the EC $_{50}$ of NCI-H1048 is increased from 0.14 nM to 10.5 nM in NCI-H1048 cells. This is consistent with AZD3965 acting via MCT1 inhibition $_{12}^{[2]}$.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

COR-L103 tumor bearing mice are treated with 100 mg/kg AZD3965 or vehicle BIDfor 21 days and the tumor volume monitored. Pharmacokinetic analysis demonstrates that 100 mg/kg AZD3965 BID results in concentrations of free AZD3965 predicted to inhibit lactate transport. AZD3965 treatment significantly reduces the growth of COR-L103 tumors, although tumor regression is not seen, consistent with AZD3965 only targeting the hypoxic fraction of the tumor^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Kinase Assay [1]

Cells are plated overnight and treated with 100 nM AZD3965 or vehicle for 24 hours. The cells are then washed, once in PBS and twice with lysis buffer (50 mM Mops, 100 mM KCl, 5 mM MgCl₂, 1 mM EDTA, 0.1 mM DTT, 1 mM PMSF supplemented with 1× mini complete protease inhibitor cocktail tablets. The cells are harvested by scraping and centrifugation, and the pellet snap frozen without buffer in liquid nitrogen. Frozen aliquots of cells are thawed on ice and re-suspended in lysis buffer. Cells are lysed by 3 rounds of freezing in liquid nitrogen and thawing at 37°C for 2 minutes each. Lysates are subsequently centrifuged (13000 g, 10min, 4°C) until clear and then stored on ice. Enzyme activity in the cell lysates is determined using a micro-plate reader to measure either production or depletion of NADH/NADPH, through its absorbance at 340/10 nm, occurring as a result of direct or coupled enzyme reactions. The 96 well plates used for the assays are pre-heated to 37°C for 10 minutes prior to starting reactions, initiated by the addition of 5 μ L cell lysate to 95 μ L of reaction buffer (50 mM Mops pH 7.4, 100 mM KCl, 5 mM free magnesium). The standard reaction buffer is supplemented to assay the kinetics of the different enzymes. Absorbance values for controls are subtracted from absorbance of corresponding reactions. Graphpad prism 6 is used to plot V₀ values against substrate concentration and determine V_{max} and K_m values. The V_{max} is then normalised to the protein concentration in the cell lysate^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Administration [1]

Mice^[2]

COR-L103 xenografts are grown by subcutaneous injection of 5×10⁶ cells in 0.2 mL of 1:1 serum-free RPMI:Matrigel into the mid-dorsal flank of 8 to 14-week-old male NOD scid gamma mice. Mice are housed in individually vented caging systems in a 12-hour light/12-hour dark environment and maintained at uniform temperature and humidity. Tumor size is measured twice a week using calipers and the volume calculated as tumor length×tumor width²/2. 30 days after implantation, mice bearing tumors between 150 and 250mm³ are randomized into two groups of six and treated with 100 mg/kg BID AZD3965 in 0.5% hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose, 0.1% tween 80 or vehicle only by oral gavage for 21 days. Measurements are continued 3 times a week for the duration of drug treatment to assess tumor growth kinetics. At sacrifice tumors are collected to determine intra-tumor lactate concentration.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Nature. 2023 Aug;620(7975):881-889.
- Cell. 2021 Jan 21;184(2):370-383.e13.
- Cell. 2019 Jul 11;178(2):330-345.e22.

- Cell Metab. 2021 Sep 17;S1550-4131(21)00421-6.
- Cell Stem Cell. 2022 Apr 7;29(4):545-558.e13.

See more customer validations on $\underline{www.MedChemExpress.com}$

REFERENCES

[1]. Bola BM, et al. Inhibition of monocarboxylate transporter-1 (MCT1) by AZD3965 enhances radiosensitivity by reducing lactate transport. Mol Cancer Ther. 2014 Dec;13(12):2805-16.

[2]. Polanski R, et al. Activity of the monocarboxylate transporter 1 inhibitor AZD3965 in small cell lung cancer. Clin Cancer Res. 2014 Feb 15;20(4):926-37.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

Page 3 of 3 www.MedChemExpress.com