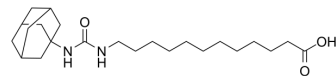


AUDA

Cat. No.:	HY-108570		
CAS No.:	479413-70-2		
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₃ H ₄₀ N ₂ O ₃		
Molecular Weight:	392.58		
Target:	Epoxide Hydrolase		
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 125 mg/mL (318.41 mM; Need ultrasonic)					
		Solvent Concentration	Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM		2.5473 mL	12.7363 mL	25.4725 mL
		5 mM		0.5095 mL	2.5473 mL	5.0945 mL
10 mM			0.2547 mL	1.2736 mL	2.5473 mL	
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.						
In Vivo	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: 2.08 mg/mL (5.30 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.30 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.30 mM); Clear solution 					

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	AUDA (compound 43) is a potent soluble epoxide hydrolase (sEH) inhibitor with IC ₅₀ s of 18 and 69 nM for the mouse and human sEH, respectively ^[1] . AUDA has anti-inflammatory activity ^[2] .
IC₅₀ & Target	IC ₅₀ : 18 nM (mouse sEH) and 69 nM (human sEH) ^[1]
In Vitro	AUDA (0.3-10 µg/mL; 48 hours) dose-dependently suppresses the proliferation of rat VSMCs exposed to PDGF ^[2] . AUDA (0.3-10 µg/mL; 30 min) dose-dependently upregulates COX-2 expression ^[2] .

AUDA (10, 50 and 100 μ M) augments the migratory ability of HCAECs in a dose-dependent manner^[3].
AUDA significantly increases the adhesion ability of HCAECs^[3].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
Cell Proliferation Assay^[2]

Cell Line:	Vascular smooth muscle cell (VSMC)
Concentration:	0.3, 1, 3, 10 μ g/mL
Incubation Time:	48 hours
Result:	Dose-dependently suppressed the proliferation of rat VSMCs exposed to PDGF.

Western Blot Analysis^[2]

Cell Line:	VSMC
Concentration:	1, 3, 10, 30 μ g/mL
Incubation Time:	30 min
Result:	Dose-dependently upregulated COX-2 expression.

In Vivo

AUDA (i.p.; 10 mg/kg; 14 days) reduces TNF- α , MMP-9 and IL-1 β expression levels^[3].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Male (wild-type) C57BL/6 mice (age, 4-6 weeks; weight, 18-20 g) ^[3]
Dosage:	10 mg/kg
Administration:	i.p.; 14 days
Result:	Reduced TNF- α , MMP-9 and IL-1 β expression levels.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- J Mol Cell Cardiol. 2023 Oct 21;185:13-25.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Morisseau C, et al. Structural refinement of inhibitors of urea-based soluble epoxide hydrolases. *Biochem Pharmacol.* 2002 May 1;63(9):1599-608.
- [2]. Kim HS, et al. Differential Effects of sEH Inhibitors on the Proliferation and Migration of Vascular Smooth Muscle Cells. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2017 Dec 11;18(12).
- [3]. Dai N, et al. Vascular repair and anti-inflammatory effects of soluble epoxide hydrolase inhibitor. *Exp Ther Med.* 2019 May;17(5):3580-3588.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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