MCE MedChemExpress

Product Data Sheet

ART558

 Cat. No.:
 HY-141520

 CAS No.:
 2603528-97-6

 Molecular Formula:
 $C_{21}H_{21}F_3N_4O_2$

 Molecular Weight:
 418.41

Target: DNA/RNA Synthesis
Pathway: Cell Cycle/DNA Damage

Storage: 4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture and light

* In solvent: -80°C, 2 years; -20°C, 1 year (sealed storage, away from moisture and

light)

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 170 mg/mL (406.30 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.3900 mL	11.9500 mL	23.9000 mL
	5 mM	0.4780 mL	2.3900 mL	4.7800 mL
	10 mM	0.2390 mL	1.1950 mL	2.3900 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 5 mg/mL (11.95 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: 4.25 mg/mL (10.16 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

 Description
 ART558 is a nanomolar potent, selective, low molecular weight, allosteric DNA polymerase activity of Polθ inhibitor (IC50=7.9 nM). ART558 can be used for the research of cancer^[1].

 IC50: 7.9 nM (Polθ)^[1]

 In Vitro
 ART558 (0~10 μM; 7 days; BRCA2^{wild-type} or BRCA2^{-/-} cells) shows synthetic lethality and a combinatorial effect with the

PARPi olaparib in previously described isogenic models of BRCA1-deficiency^[1].

ART558 (5μ M; $0\sim$ 72 hours; BRCA2^{wild-type} or BRCA2^{-/-} cells) shows γ H2AX accumulation in cells^[1].

ART558 inhibits the major Pol θ mediated DNA repair process, Theta-Mediated End Joining, without targeting

NonHomologous End Joining. ART558 elicits DNA damage and synthetic lethality in BRCA1- or BRCA2-mutant tumour cells and enhances the effects of a PARP inhibitor.ART558 increases biomarkers of single-stranded DNA and synthetic lethality in

53BP1-defective cells whilst the inhibition of DNA nucleases that promote end-resection reversed these effects, implicating these in the synthetic lethal mechanism-of-action. ART558 increases the residence time of YFP-tagged full-length Pol θ at sites of laser induced DNA damage^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Showed yH2AX accumulation in cells.

Cell Viability Assay^[1]

Cell Line:	BRCA2 ^{wild-type} or BRCA2 ^{-/-} cells	
Concentration:	0~10 μM	
Incubation Time:	7 days	
Result:	Showed synthetic lethality and a combinatorial effect with the PARPi olaparib in previously described isogenic models of BRCA1-deficiency.	
Western Blot Analysis ^[1]		
Cell Line:	BRCA2 ^{wild-type} or BRCA2 ^{-/-} cells	
Concentration:	5μΜ	
Incubation Time:	0~72 hours	

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Nat Methods. 2023 Jul 20.
- Nat Commun. 2023 Mar 13;14(1):1390.
- J Clin Invest. 2023 Mar 28;e165934.
- Cell Rep. 2023 Apr 21;42(5):112428.
- Gene. 2023 Sep 2;147762.

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Result:

REFERENCES

[1]. Zatreanu D, et al. Pol θ inhibitors elicit BRCA-gene synthetic lethality and target PARP inhibitor resistance. Nat Commun. 2021 Jun 17;12(1):3636.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA