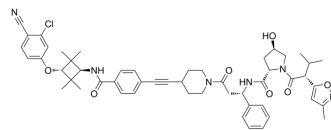


ARD-266

Cat. No.:	HY-133020		
CAS No.:	2666951-70-6		
Molecular Formula:	C ₅₂ H ₅₉ ClN ₆ O ₇		
Molecular Weight:	915.51		
Target:	PROTACs; Androgen Receptor		
Pathway:	PROTAC; Vitamin D Related/Nuclear Receptor		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 100 mg/mL (109.23 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.0923 mL	5.4614 mL	10.9229 mL
	5 mM	0.2185 mL	1.0923 mL	2.1846 mL
	10 mM	0.1092 mL	0.5461 mL	1.0923 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: 5 mg/mL (5.46 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
Solubility: 5 mg/mL (5.46 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
Solubility: ≥ 5 mg/mL (5.46 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

ARD-266 is a highly potent and von Hippel-Lindau E3 ligase-based Androgen Receptor (AR) PROTAC degrader. ARD-266 effectively induces degradation of AR protein in AR-positive LNCaP, VCaP, and 22Rv1 prostate cancer cell lines with DC₅₀ values of 0.2-1 nM^[1]. ARD-266 is a click chemistry reagent, it contains an Alkyne group and can undergo copper-catalyzed azide-alkyne cycloaddition (CuAAC) with molecules containing Azide groups.

IC₅₀ & Target

VHL

In Vitro

ARD-266 (Compound 11; 100 nM; 1-24 hours; LNCaP and VCaP cells) treatment effectively reduces the AR protein level within 3 h and achieves near-complete AR elimination with a 6 h treatment in the LNCaP cells^[1].

ARD-266 (Compound 11; 1-10000 nM; 24 hours; LNCaP cells) treatment effectively suppresses the expression of PSA, TMPRSS2, and FKBP5 genes in a dosedependent manner and is capable of reducing the mRNA levels of PSA, TMPRSS2, and FKBP5 genes by >50% at 10 nM in the LNCaP cell line^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Western Blot Analysis^[1]

Cell Line:	LNCaP and VCaP cells
Concentration:	100 nM
Incubation Time:	1 hour, 3 hours, 6 hours, 12 hours, 24 hours
Result:	Effectively reduced the AR protein level within 3 h and achieved near-complete AR elimination with a 6 h treatment in the LNCaP cells.

RT-PCR^[1]

Cell Line:	LNCaP cells
Concentration:	1 nM, 10 nM, 100 nM, 1000 nM, 10000 nM
Incubation Time:	24 hours
Result:	Effectively suppressed the expression of PSA, TMPRSS2, and FKBP5 genes in a dose-dependent manner and was capable of reducing the mRNA levels of PSA, TMPRSS2, and FKBP5 genes by >50% at 10 nM in the LNCaP cell line.

REFERENCES

[1]. Han X, et al. Discovery of Highly Potent and Efficient PROTAC Degraders of Androgen Receptor (AR) by Employing Weak Binding Affinity VHL E3 Ligase Ligands. J Med Chem. 2019 Dec 26;62(24):11218-11231.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA