# AMG9810

Cat. No.:	HY-101736		
CAS No.:	545395-94-6		
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>23</sub> NO <sub>3</sub>		
Molecular Weight:	337.41		
Target:	TRP Channel		
Pathway:	Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel; Neuronal Signaling		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year

### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : ≥ 33 mg/mL (97.80 mM) * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.					
Pre Sto	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
		1 mM	2.9638 mL	14.8188 mL	29.6375 mL	
		5 mM	0.5928 mL	2.9638 mL	5.9275 mL	
		10 mM	0.2964 mL	1.4819 mL	2.9638 mL	
	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.					
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent c Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg	one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PE( g/mL (7.41 mM); Clear solution	G300 >> 5% Tween-8	0 >> 45% saline		
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.41 mM); Clear solution					
	3. Add each solvent o Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg	one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% cor g/mL (7.41 mM); Clear solution	n oil			

Description	AMG9810 is a selective and competitive vanilloid receptor 1 (TRPV1) antagonist with IC <sub>50</sub> values of 24.5 and 85.6 nM for human and rat TRPV1, repectively.		
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	IC50: 24.5 nM (human TRPV1), 85.6 nM (rat TRPV1) <sup>[1]</sup>		
In Vitro	AMG9810 is a competitive antagonist of capsaicin activation (IC <sub>50</sub> value for human TRPV1, 24.5±15.7 nM; rat TRPV1,		





Product Data Sheet

	85.6±39.4 nM) and blocks all known modes of TRPV1 activation, including protons (IC <sub>50</sub> value for rat TRPV1, 294±192 nM; human TRPV1, 92.7±72.8 nM), heat (IC <sub>50</sub> value for rat TRPV1, 21±17 nM; human TRPV1, 15.8±10.8 nM), and endogenous ligands, such as anandamide, N-arachidonyl dopamine, and oleoyldopamine. AMG9810 blocks capsaicin-evoked depolarization and calcitonin gene-related peptide release in cultures of rat dorsal root ganglion primary neurons. AMG9810 inhibits capsaicin-, proton-, heat-, and endogenous ligand-induced uptake of <sup>45</sup> Ca <sup>2+</sup> into TRPV1-expressing cells <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
In Vivo	AMG9810 is effective at preventing capsaicin-induced eye wiping in a dose-dependent manner, and it reverses thermal and mechanical hyperalgesia in a model of inflammatory pain induced by intraplantar injection of complete Freund's adjuvant. At effective doses, AMG9810 does not show any significant effects on motor function. AMG9810 is the first cinnamide TRPV1 antagonist reported to block capsaicin-induced eye wiping behavior and reverse hyperalgesia in an animal model of inflammatory pain <sup>[1]</sup> . AMG9810, promotes mouse skin tumor development. The topical application of AMG9810 results in a significant increase in the expression level of the epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) and its downstream Akt/mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR)-signaling pathway <sup>[2]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

DROTOCOL	
PROTOCOL	
Kinase Assay <sup>[1]</sup>	Cultured adult rat dorsal root ganglia neurons in 96-well plates are washed twice with release buffer to initiate the assay. CGRP release is induced by incubation of neurons with capsaicin for 10 min at room temperature. The cultures are preincubated with increasing concentrations of capsazepine or AMG9810 for 15 min, followed by 300 nM capsaicin activation for 10 min at room temperature. The extracellular medium is collected and the CGRP content is determined using a commercially kit <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
Cell Assay <sup>[2]</sup>	To assess cyotoxicity of AMG9810, N/TERT1 cells are treated with different concentrations of AMG9810 (0.25, 0.5, 1, 5 μM) and cultured for various periods of time (24, 48, 72 h). The CellTiter 96 AQueous One Solution is added to each well and then cells are kept in a 37°C, 5% CO <sub>2</sub> incubator for 1 h. Absorbance is then measured at 492 and 690 nm with a plate reader <sup>[2]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
Animal Administration <sup>[1]</sup>	Rats: AMG9810 is dissolved in DMSO. Rats are acclimated for 30 to 45 min in a 30×30×30-cm Plexiglas chambers before the intraperitoneal injection of either vehicle (DMSO) or AMG 9810. Injections are made over a 5-s period in the lower right ventral quadrant of the abdomen either 15, 30, or 60 min before intraocular application of capsaicin. Intraocular application of capsaicin (3 μg/20 μL in 10% ethanol/PBS) or vehicle (20 μL in 10% ethanol/PBS) is done with a pipette, and the number of front paw eye wipes is counted over a 5-min period in 1-min intervals <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Stem Cell Rev Rep. 2021 Jun;17(3):999-1013.
- J Biol Chem. 2021 May 19;100806.

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#### REFERENCES

[1]. Gavva NR, et al. AMG9810 [(E)-3-(4-t-butylphenyl)-N-(2,3-dihydrobenzo[b][1,4] dioxin-6-yl)acrylamide], a novel vanilloid receptor 1 (TRPV1) antagonist with antihyperalgesic properties. J Pharmacol Exp Ther. 2005 Apr;313(1):474-84.

[2]. Li S, et al. TRPV1-antagonist AMG9810 promotes mouse skin tumorigenesis through EGFR/Akt signaling. Carcinogenesis. 2011 May;32(5):779-85.

#### Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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