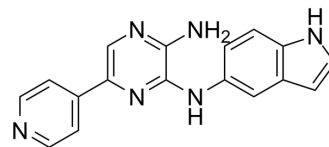


## AKN-028

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-118304
<b>CAS No.:</b>	1175017-90-9
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>6</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	302.33
<b>Target:</b>	FLT3; Apoptosis; Caspase
<b>Pathway:</b>	Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK; Apoptosis
<b>Storage:</b>	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : 125 mg/mL (413.46 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Concentration	Mass			
	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
1 mM	3.3076 mL	16.5382 mL	33.0764 mL	
5 mM	0.6615 mL	3.3076 mL	6.6153 mL	
10 mM	0.3308 mL	1.6538 mL	3.3076 mL	

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

AKN-028, a novel tyrosine kinase (TK) inhibitor, is a potent, orally active FMS-like receptor tyrosine kinase 3 (FLT3) inhibitor with an IC<sub>50</sub> value of 6 nM. AKN-028 inhibits FLT3 autophosphorylation. AKN-028 induces dose-dependent cytotoxic response (mean IC<sub>50</sub>=1 μM). AKN-028 induces apoptosis by activation of caspase 3. AKN-028 can be used in research of acute myeloid leukemia (AML)<sup>[1]</sup>.

#### IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

IC<sub>50</sub>: 6 nM (FLT3), 140 nM (CLK1), 220 nM (RPS6KA), 520 nM (VEGFR2), and 120 nM (FGFR2)<sup>[1]</sup>

#### In Vitro

AKN-028 (0.1 nM-100 μM; 15 h; mouse embryonal fibroblasts and human acute megakaryoblastic leukemia M07 cells) inhibits FLT3 and KIT autophosphorylation in a dose-dependent manner<sup>[1]</sup>.  
 AKN-028 (10 μM; 72 h; tumor cell lines) is cytotoxic to AML cell lines and induces apoptosis in the AML cell line MV4-11<sup>[1]</sup>.  
 MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.  
 Western Blot Analysis<sup>[1]</sup>

Cell Line: Mouse embryonal fibroblasts either overexpressing FLT-wt, FLT3-TKD or FLT3-ITD and human acute megakaryoblastic leukemia M07 cells overexpressing KIT

	Concentration:	0.1 nM-100 $\mu$ M
	Incubation Time:	15 hours
	Result:	Inhibited FLT3 and KIT autophosphorylation.
	Cell Cytotoxicity Assay <sup>[1]</sup>	
	Cell Line:	Tumor cell lines
	Concentration:	10 $\mu$ M
	Incubation Time:	72 hours
	Result:	Had cytotoxic activity was highest in MV4-11 and MOLM-13 (IC <sub>50</sub> <50 nM), followed by the three other AML cell lines (IC <sub>50</sub> =0.5-6 $\mu$ M).
<b>In Vivo</b>	AKN-028 (15 mg/kg; i.h.; twice daily, for 6 days; male C57 black mice with MV4-11 xenografts) inhibits growth of primary AML and MV4-11 cells in mice <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.	
	Animal Model:	Male C57 black mice with MV4-11 xenografts <sup>[1]</sup>
	Dosage:	15 mg/kg
	Administration:	Subcutaneous injection; twice daily, for 6 days
	Result:	Inhibited tumor growth and did not affect body weight.

## REFERENCES

[1]. A Eriksson, et al. The Novel Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor AKN-028 Has Significant Antileukemic Activity in Cell Lines and Primary Cultures of Acute Myeloid Leukemia. Blood Cancer J. 2012 Aug 3;2(8):e81.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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