ADH-6 TFA

Cat. No.:	HY-145785A	
Molecular Formula:	C ₃₁ H ₃₇ F ₃ N ₈ O ₁₁	
Molecular Weight:	754.67	
Target:	Apoptosis; MDM-2/p53	H ₂ N ² \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\
Pathway:	Apoptosis	0- N+
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)	

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	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
		1 mM	1.3251 mL	6.6254 mL	13.2508 mL
		5 mM	0.2650 mL	1.3251 mL	2.6502 mL
		10 mM	0.1325 mL	0.6625 mL	1.3251 mL

Description ADH-6 TFA is a tripyridylamide compound. ADH-6 abrogates self-assembly of the aggregation-nucleating subdomain of mutant p53 DBD. ADH-6 TFA targets and dissociates mutant p53 aggregates in human cancer cells, which restores p53's transcriptional activity, leading to cell cycle arrest and apoptosis. ADH-6 TFA has the potential for the research of cancer diseases ^[1] . In Vitro ADH-6 (25 µM, 10 h) TFA inhibits aggregation of pR248W (indicated by dot blot assay) ^[1] . ADH-6 (5 µM, 6 h) TFA dissociates intracellular mutant p53 aggregates in MIA PaCa-2 cells ^[1] . ADH-6 (0-10 µM, 24 or 48 h) TFA causes selective cytotoxicity in cancer cells bearing mutant p53 (MIA PaCa-2) ^[1] . ADH-6 (5 µM, 24 h) TFA specifically targets and reactivates aggregation-prone mutant p53 in MIA PaCa-2 cells ^[1] . ADH-6 (5 µM, 24 h) TFA specifically targets and reactivates aggregation-prone mutant p53 in MIA PaCa-2 cells ^[1] . ADH-6 (5 µM, 24 h) TFA specifically targets and reactivates aggregation-prone mutant p53 in MIA PaCa-2 cells ^[1] . ADH-6 (5 µM, 24 h) TFA specifically targets and reactivates aggregation-prone mutant p53 in MIA PaCa-2 cells ^[1] . ADH-6 (5 µM, 24 h) TFA specifically targets and reactivates aggregation-prone mutant p53 in MIA PaCa-2 cells ^[1] . Cell Viability Assay ^[1] Cell Line: MIA PaCa-2 (mutant R248W p53), SK-BR-3 (mutant R175H p53) Concentration: 0, 2.5, 5, 7.5, 10 µM Incubation Time: 24, 48 h	BIOLOGICAL ACTIV	/ITY		
ADH-6 (5 μM, 6 h) TFA dissociates intracellular mutant p53 aggregates in MIA PaCa-2 cells ^[1] .ADH-6 (0-10 μM, 24 or 48 h) TFA causes selective cytotoxicity in cancer cells bearing mutant p53 (MIA PaCa-2) ^[1] .ADH-6 (5 μM, 24 h) TFA specifically targets and reactivates aggregation-prone mutant p53 in MIA PaCa-2 cells ^[1] .MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.Cell Viability Assay ^[1] Cell Line:MIA PaCa-2 (mutant R248W p53), SK-BR-3 (mutant R175H p53)Concentration:0, 2.5, 5, 7.5, 10 μM	Description	mutant p53 DBD. ADH-6 TFA targets and dissociates mutant p53 aggregates in human cancer cells, which restores p53's transcriptional activity, leading to cell cycle arrest and apoptosis. ADH-6 TFA has the potential for the research of cancer		
Concentration: 0, 2.5, 5, 7.5, 10 μM	In Vitro	ADH-6 (5 μM, 6 h) TFA dissociates intracellular mutant p53 aggregates in MIA PaCa-2 cells ^[1] . ADH-6 (0-10 μM, 24 or 48 h) TFA causes selective cytotoxicity in cancer cells bearing mutant p53 (MIA PaCa-2) ^[1] . ADH-6 (5 μM, 24 h) TFA specifically targets and reactivates aggregation-prone mutant p53 in MIA PaCa-2 cells ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
		Cell Line:	MIA PaCa-2 (mutant R248W p53), SK-BR-3 (mutant R175H p53)	
Incubation Time: 24, 48 h		Concentration:	0, 2.5, 5, 7.5, 10 μΜ	
		Incubation Time:	24, 48 h	

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Product Data Sheet

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	Result:	Caused death of cancer cells bearing mutant, but not WT, p53.		
	Western Blot Analysis ^[1]			
	Cell Line:	MIA PaCa-2 cells		
	Concentration:	5 μΜ		
	Incubation Time:	24 h		
	Result:	Increased expression of p53-inducible MDM2 and proapoptotic Bax.		
In Vivo	bearing tumors ^[1] .	ADH-6 (intraperitoneal injection, 15 mg/kg, every 2 days, for a total of 12 doses) TFA causes regression of mutant p53- bearing tumors ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
	Animal Model:	MIA PaCa-2 xenografts $^{[1]}$		
	Dosage:	716.4 μM in 0.02% DMSO		
	Administration:	Intraperitoneal injection, every 2 days, for a total of 12 doses		
	Result:	Reduced tumor growth relative to the saline-treated control group. Reduced mutant p53 levels and shrinked xenografts harboring aggregation-prone mutant p53.		
	Animal Model:	MIA PaCa-2 xenografts (pharmacokinetics assay) ^[1]		
	Dosage:	15 mg/kg		
	Administration:	Intraperitoneal injection, for a single dose		
	Result:	C _{max} : 21 μg/mL, T _{1/2} : 3.6 h		

REFERENCES

[1]. Palanikumar L, et al. Protein mimetic amyloid inhibitor potently abrogates cancer-associated mutant p53 aggregation and restores tumor suppressor function. Nat Commun. 2021;12(1):3962.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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