**Proteins** 

# **Screening Libraries**

# 4-Azidobutylamine

Cat. No.: HY-108374 CAS No.: 88192-20-5 Molecular Formula:  $C_{4}H_{10}N_{4}$ Molecular Weight: 114.15

**PROTAC Linkers** Target:

Pathway: **PROTAC** 

4°C, protect from light Storage:

\* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light)

$$^{-N}$$
 $\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}$  $N\stackrel{+}{\sim}$  $N$  $\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}$  $N$  $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$  $N$  $\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}$  $N$  $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$  $N$  $\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}$  $N$  $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$  $N$  $\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}$  $N$  $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$  $N$ 

**Product** Data Sheet

# **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO: ≥ 250 mg/mL (2190.10 mM)

\* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	8.7604 mL	43.8020 mL	87.6040 mL
	5 mM	1.7521 mL	8.7604 mL	17.5208 mL
	10 mM	0.8760 mL	4.3802 mL	8.7604 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (18.22 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (18.22 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (18.22 mM); Clear solution

# **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description

4-Azidobutylamine is a PROTAC linker, which refers to the alkyl chain composition. 4-Azidobutylamine can be used in the synthesis of a series of PROTACs. PROTACs contain two different ligands connected by a linker; one is a ligand for an E3 ubiquitin ligase and the other is for the target protein. PROTACs exploit the intracellular ubiquitin-proteasome system to selectively degrade target proteins[1]. 4-Azidobutylamine is a click chemistry reagent, it contains an Azide group and can undergo copper-catalyzed azide-alkyne cycloaddition reaction (CuAAc) with molecules containing Alkyne groups. Strainpromoted alkyne-azide cycloaddition (SPAAC) can also occur with molecules containing DBCO or BCN groups.

REFERENCES  1]. Schiedel M, et al. Chemically Induced Degradation of Sirtuin 2 (Sirt2) by a Proteolysis Targeting Chimera (PROTAC) Based on Sirtuin Rearranging Ligands (SirReals)				
ed Chem. 2018 Jan 25;61(2):482-491.				
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