ImmunoStrip® test for the detection of CspB transgenic proteins Catalog no. STX 35500

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Size 0012	Item ImmunoComb [®] , 8 strips per comb Sample extraction buffer, PBST buffer Instructions	Quantity 12 combs Sold separately 1

Control line CspB line

YOU WILL NEED

- PBST buffer powder, 110 gram (ACC 00115)
- Sterile micropipette tips
- Graduated cylinder
- Balance 1-500 gram
- Scissors and pen
- Timer
- Distilled or purified water
- Grinding equipment
 - Sample tube rack
 - Conical microtubes or conical microcentrifuge tubes (ACC 00340)
 - Pliers
 - o Mesh sample bags (ACC 00930) and rubber mallet
 - Weigh paper
 - Blender (at least 450 watts)-optimal results were obtained using an Osterizer[®] blender at high speed (Sunbeam Corporation Model Number 6641)
 - Blender jars 125ml, Nalgene ("Mason" type, Fisher Scientific Catalog Number 11-815-10C)

STORAGE

Keep the strips tightly sealed in the container with the desiccant at all times. Store container in the refrigerator $(4^{\circ}C)$ between uses.

SAFETY

Sample buffer and strip tests are non-hazardous.

INTENDED USE

This ImmunoStrip® test is intended for seed quality purposes to determine the presence or absence of the drought resistance traits (CspB) in transgenic corn.

This test system can be used to test individual corn seed and corn leaf or detect 1.0% transgenic CspB seed in a minimum sample size of 300 seeds.

The CspB ImmunoStrip[®] has shown no cross-reaction with other transgenic proteins in corn seed and leaf including CP4 EPSPS (Roundup Ready[®] corn), Bt-Cry1Ab, Bt-Cry1F, Bt-Cry2A, Bt-Cry34Ab1, Bt-Cry3Bb1, mBt-Cry3A, PAT/bar, VIP3A, GA21 and GT21.

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SAMPLE PREPARATION

Leaves and seeds must be ground and diluted in 1X PBST buffer. For best results, samples should be diluted according to the ratios listed below. See the specific information below for each tissue type.

Leaf extraction

Use the table below to determine the amount of buffer needed.

Sample grinding in Agdia sample extraction bags



Tissue Sample dilution in 1X PBST buffer (weight in grams : volume in mL)

LEAF 1:20 Example

0.2 g leaf: 4.0 mL 1X PBST buffer buffer

Individual leaves

A simple method for grinding a single leaf sample is by using Agdia's mesh sample bags. Use only one sample per bag and be sure to label each bag. Determine the weight of the leaf and place the leaf between the mesh linings of the extraction bag. Add the appropriate volume of 1X PBST buffer to the bag. Rub the pouch with a pen to completely crush the sample and to mix the contents uniformly.

Another method would be making two leaf punches by folding a leaf in half and placing the fold between the body and cap of a 1.5 mL sample tube and snapping the cap into place. Open the cap and remove the excess leaf tissue from around the opening. Push the leaf punches into the bottom of the tube with a plastic pestle. Add about 0.4 mL of 1X PBST buffer to the sample tube containing the leaf punches and macerate the leaf material with a plastic pestle until the solution turns light green.

It is important to use a conical microtube.



Seed extraction

Use the table below to determine the amount of buffer needed.

Tissue	Sample dilution in 1X PBST buffer (weight in grams : volume in mL)	Example
SEED	1:3	0.25 g seed: 0.75 mL 1X PBST buffer

Single seed

Single seed samples should be thoroughly crushed then transferred to a conical microtube or into the wells of a 24 or 48 microtiter plate. Add the appropriate amount of 1X PBST buffer, close the cap on the conical microtube, and vigorously shake or vortex for 15 seconds. Allow the extract to settle for at least 1 minute before testing with the ImmunoStrip[®].

If using the microtiter plate, add the appropriate amount of 1X PBST buffer to each well. Place the plate on an orbital shaker at medium speed for three minutes.

Note:

It is very important to clean all the grinding equipment between the samples. Wash the equipment with detergent, rinse well, and completely dry with paper towel.

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Composite Seed Extraction

Use the table below to determine the amount of buffer needed.

Tissue	Sample dilution in 1X PBST buffer (weight in grams : volume in mL)	Example
SEED	1:1.5	75 g seed: 112.5 mL 1X PBST buffer

Composite Seed

For composite seed samples (up to 300 seeds), it is recommended to use a blender with a power rating of at least 450 watts in conjunction with "Mason" type jars. The guidelines provided are optimized for Osterizer® blender with "Mason" type jars.

- 1. Put the seed sample in a dry "Mason" jar and assemble the blade attachment.
- 2. Grind the seed at high speed for 30 seconds or until all the seeds are ground to a fine powder. Dispense appropriate amount of 1X PBST buffer into jar, cap and shake vigorously for at least 30 seconds.
- 3. Let the extract sit for at least one minute, remove the cap and transfer 350 µl of the supernatant (top layer of liquid) to a clean micro tube, allow the extract in the micro tube to settle for 30 seconds before insert the ImmunoStrip® for testing.

Note:

It is very important that the grinding equipment and workspace is cleaned well between each sample extraction. Wash blades, threaded caps, and jars with detergent making sure all ground material is washed away. Be especially careful to clean crevices of the blade. Any remaining powder can contaminate the next sample. Note: The qualities of the extractions as well as the extraction timing are the minimums. More thorough extractions will lead to darker and more vivid test lines.

TEST PROCEDURE

When handling the strips, always grasp the top of the ImmunoStrip® marked with the test name. Do not remove the protective covering.

Remove ImmunoStrip® from the container. Keeping strip in a vertical position, insert the end of the strip marked "sample" into the sample extract in the extraction bag. For extracts in microtubes, insert the end of the strip marked "sample" into the microtube making sure it is pushed gently into the tube as far as it will go. Do not allow much more than 0.5 cm or ¼ inch of the end of the strip to be submerged in the extract. The end of the strip should remain in contact with the extract for 10 minutes to allow for maximum reaction. Remove the ImmunoStrip® and interpret the results.

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RESULTS

Control line —

CspB line

The control line will appear in 3 to 5 minutes. Maximum reaction occurs in 10 minutes at which time the ImmunoStrip® should be removed from the sample extract. The control line assures that the test is working properly. If the control line does not appear, the test is invalid.

If the sample is positive, the test line will also appear. If the sample is negative, the test line will not appear.

Leave the strip in the sample until the control line is visible and the sample flows into the wicking pad. Depending on the flow characteristics of the sample, the time to develop the signal may vary.

If you wish to keep the strips as permanent records cut off the sample pads and blot the ImmunoStrip[®] between paper towels. This prevents any liquid still in the sample pads from interfering with results.

LIMITATIONS

The following is a description of factors that could limit test performance or interfere with proper test results.

- Expiration: Test should be used within 1 year of purchase.
- Temperature: Optimal test results will occur when the test is run in an environment where the temperature is between 60° and 95° F (15° and 35° C).
- Storage: Test results may be weak or the test may fail if the storage instructions are not followed properly. If the ImmunoStrip[®] package is left open too long, the strips may absorb moisture. This may affect test results.
- Sample Dilution: Strip performance is very dependent on the proper sample dilution. The strip will not properly absorb sample extracts containing large amounts of tissue.
- Submerging the strip: Test strips must not be submerged more than 1.0 cm or 3/8 inch. If too much of the strip is submerged, certain components of the strip are released into the sample instead of being wicked upward by the strip. This most often results in a failed test in which no control line forms.

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